

General Assembly

Amendment

January Session, 2009

LCO No. 9197

SB0103309197SR0

Offered by:

SEN. FASANO, 34th Dist.

To: Subst. Senate Bill No. **1033**

File No. 986

Cal. No. 337

"AN ACT ESTABLISHING A TAX CREDIT FOR GREEN BUILDINGS."

- Strike everything after the enacting clause and substitute the following in lieu thereof:
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- "Section 1. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2009, and applicable to income years commencing on or after January 1, 2012*) (a) As used in this section:
- 5 (1) "Allowable costs" means the amounts chargeable to a capital
- 6 account, including, but not limited to: (A) Construction or
- 7 rehabilitation costs; (B) commissioning costs; (C) architectural and
- 8 engineering fees allocable to construction or rehabilitation, including
- 9 energy modeling; (D) site costs, such as temporary electric wiring,
- 10 scaffolding, demolition costs and fencing and security facilities; and (E)
- 11 costs of carpeting, partitions, walls and wall coverings, ceilings,
- 12 lighting, plumbing, electrical wiring, mechanical, heating, cooling and
- 13 ventilation, except "allowable costs" does not include the purchase of
- 14 land, any remediation costs or the cost of telephone systems or
- 15 computers;

16 (2) "Brownfield" has the same meaning as in subsection (g) of 17 section 32-9cc of the general statutes;

- 18 (3) "Eligible project" means a real estate development project that is 19 designed to meet or exceed the applicable (A) LEED Green Building 20 Rating System gold certification, (B) National Green Building Standard 21 gold performance level, (C) Green Globes three globe certification 22 rating system, or (D) other certification determined by the 23 Commissioner of Environmental Protection to be equivalent, except if 24 a single project has more than one building, "eligible project" means 25 only the building or buildings within such project that is designed to 26 meet or exceed the applicable certification or other certification 27 determined by the Commissioner of Environmental Protection to be 28 equivalent;
- 29 (4) "Energy Star" means the voluntary labeling program 30 administered by the United States Environmental Protection Agency 31 designed to identify and promote energy-efficient products, 32 equipment and buildings;
- 33 (5) "Enterprise zone" means an area in a municipality designated by 34 the Commissioner of Economic and Community Development as an 35 enterprise zone in accordance with the provisions of section 32-70 of 36 the general statutes;
- 37 (6) "Green Globes" means the green building initiative green 38 building guidance and assessment program that advances 39 environmental performance and sustainability of buildings;
- 40 (7) "LEED Accredited Professional Program" means the professional 41 accreditation program for architects, engineers and other building 42 professionals as administered by the United States Green Building 43 Council;
- 44 (8) "LEED Green Building Rating System" means the Leadership in 45 Energy and Environmental Design green building rating system 46 developed by the United States Green Building Council as of the date

that the project is registered with the United States Green Building Council;

- (9) "Mixed-use development" means a development consisting of one or more buildings that includes residential use and in which no more than seventy-five per cent of the interior square footage has at least one of the following uses: (A) Commercial use; (B) office use; (C) retail use; or (D) any other nonresidential use that the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management determines does not pose a public health threat or nuisance to nearby residential areas;
- 56 (10) "National Green Building Standard" means the standard 57 adopted by the National Association of Home Builders and approved 58 by the American National Standards Institute;
- 59 (11) "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Office of Policy and 60 Management; and
- 61 (12) "Site improvements" means any construction work on, or 62 improvement to, streets, roads, parking facilities, sidewalks, drainage 63 structures and utilities.
 - (b) For income years commencing on and after January 1, 2012, there shall be allowed a credit for all taxpayers against any tax due under the provisions of chapter 207, 208, 209, 210, 212 or 229 of the general statutes for the construction or renovation of an eligible project that meets the requirements of subsection (c) of this section and, in the case of a newly constructed building, for which a certificate of occupancy has been issued not earlier than January 1, 2010.
 - (c) (1) To be eligible for a tax credit under this section a project shall: (A) Not have energy use that exceeds (i) seventy per cent of the energy use permitted by the State Building Code for new construction, or (ii) eighty per cent of the energy use permitted by the energy efficiency provisions of such code for renovation or rehabilitation of a building; and (B) use equipment and appliances that meet Energy Star standards, if applicable, including, but not limited to, refrigerators,

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78 dishwashers and washing machines.

79 (2) The credit shall be equivalent to a base credit as follows: (A) For 80 new construction or major renovation of a building but not other site 81 improvements certified by the LEED Green Building Rating System, 82 Green Globes Rating System, National Green Building Standard or any 83 other system determined by the Commissioner of Environmental 84 Protection to be equivalent, (i) eight per cent of allowable costs for a 85 LEED gold rating, Green Globes three globe rating, National Green 86 Building Standard gold rating or any other rating determined by the 87 Commissioner of Environmental Protection to be equivalent, and (ii) 88 ten and one-half per cent of allowable costs for a LEED platinum 89 rating, Green Globes four globes rating, National Green Building 90 Standard emerald rating or any other rating determined by the 91 Commissioner of Environmental Protection to be equivalent; and (B) 92 for core and shell or commercial interior projects, (i) five per cent of 93 allowable costs for a LEED gold rating, Green Globes three globe 94 rating, National Green Building Standard gold rating or any other 95 rating determined by the Commissioner of Environmental Protection 96 to be equivalent, and (ii) seven per cent of allowable costs for a LEED 97 platinum rating, Green Globes four globe rating, emerald rating or any 98 other rating determined by the Commissioner of Environmental 99 Protection to be equivalent. There shall be added to the base credit 100 one-half of one per cent of allowable costs for a development project 101 that is (I) a mixed-use development, (II) located in a brownfield or 102 enterprise zone, (III) does not require a sewer extension of more than 103 one-eighth of a mile, or (IV) located within one-quarter of a mile 104 walking distance of publicly available bus transit service or within 105 one-half of a mile walking distance of adequate rail, light rail, streetcar 106 or ferry transit service, provided, if a single project has more than one 107 building, at least one building shall be located within either such 108 distance. Allowable costs shall not exceed two hundred fifty dollars 109 per square foot for new construction or one hundred fifty dollars per 110 square feet for renovation or rehabilitation of a building.

111 (d) (1) The Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management shall

issue an initial credit voucher upon determination that the applicant is likely, within a reasonable time, to place in service property qualifying for a credit under this section. Such voucher shall state: (A) The first taxable year for which the credit may be claimed, (B) the maximum amount of credit allowable, and (C) the expiration date by which such property shall be placed in service. The expiration date may be extended at the discretion of the secretary. Such voucher shall reserve the credit allowable for the applicant named in the application until the expiration date. If the expiration date is extended, the reservation of the tax credit may also be extended at the discretion of the secretary.

- (2) The aggregate amount of all tax credits in initial credit vouchers issued by the secretary shall not exceed twenty-five million dollars.
- (3) For each income year for which a taxpayer claims a credit under this section, the taxpayer shall obtain an eligibility certificate from an architect or professional engineer licensed to practice in this state and accredited through the LEED Accredited Professional Program, the Green Globes program or any other program determined by the Commissioner of Environmental Protection to be equivalent. In the case of a credit claimed under the National Green Building Standard system, the taxpayer shall obtain an eligibility certificate from a person accredited as a National Green Building Standard verifier. Such certificate shall consist of a certification, under the seal of such architect or engineer or the signature of the verifier, that the building, base building or tenant space, with respect to which the credit is claimed, meets or exceeds the applicable LEED Green Building Rating System gold certification, the Green Globe three globes certification rating system, the applicable National Green Building Standard gold performance level or any other certification determined by the Commissioner of Environmental Protection to be equivalent in effect at the time such certification is made. Such certification shall set forth the specific findings upon which the certification is based and shall state that the architect or engineer is accredited through the LEED Accredited Professional Program, the Green Globes program or any other program determined by the Commissioner of Environmental

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146 Protection to be equivalent or, in the case of a credit claimed for using

- 147 the National Green Building Standard system, the National Green
- Building Standard verifier as approved through the National Green
- 149 Building Standard program.

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- 150 (4) To obtain the credit, the taxpayer shall file the initial credit 151 voucher described in subdivision (1) of this subsection, the eligibility 152 certificate described in subdivision (3) of this subsection and an 153 application to claim the credit with the Commissioner of Revenue 154 The commissioner shall Services. approve the claim upon 155 determination that the taxpayer has submitted the voucher and 156 certification required under this subdivision. The applicant shall send 157 a copy of all such documents to the secretary.
 - (e) (1) A taxpayer may claim not more than a total of twenty-five per cent of allowable costs in any income year, and any percentage of tax credit that the taxpayer would otherwise be entitled to in accordance with subsection (c) of this section may be carried forward for a period of not more than five years.
 - (2) Tax credits are fully assignable and transferable. A project owner, including, but not limited to, a nonprofit or institutional project organization, may transfer a tax credit to a pass-through partner in return for a lump sum cash payment.
 - (f) Notwithstanding any provision of the general statutes, any subsequent successor in interest to the property that is eligible for a credit in accordance with subsection (c) of this section may claim such credit if the deed transferring the property assigns the subsequent successor such right, unless the deed specifies that the seller shall retain the right to claim such credit. Any subsequent tenant of a building for which a credit was granted to a taxpayer pursuant to this section may claim the credit for the period after the termination of the previous tenancy that such credit would have been allowable to the previous tenant.
- 177 (g) The Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management shall

establish a uniform application fee, in an amount not to exceed ten thousand dollars, which shall cover all direct costs of administering the tax credit program established pursuant to this section. Said secretary may hire a private consultant or outside firm to administer and review applications for said tax credit program.

Sec. 2. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2009*) Not later than January 1, 2011, the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management, in consultation with the Commissioner of Revenue Services, shall adopt regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54 of the general statutes, as necessary to implement the provisions of section 1 of this act.

Sec. 3. (Effective July 1, 2009) On or before July 1, 2013, the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management, in consultation with the Commissioner of Revenue Services, shall prepare and submit to the Governor and the joint standing committees of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to planning and development and finance, revenue and bonding, a written report containing (1) the number of taxpayers applying for the credits provided in section 1 of this act; (2) the amount of such credits granted; (3) the geographical distribution of such credits granted; and (4) any other information the secretary deems appropriate. A preliminary draft of the report shall be submitted on or before July 1, 2012, to the Governor and the joint standing committees of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to planning and development and finance, revenue and bonding. Such reports shall be submitted in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a of the general statutes."

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	July 1, 2009, and applicable to income years commencing on or after January 1, 2012	New section
Sec. 2	July 1, 2009	New section
Sec. 3	July 1, 2009	New section